The assignment is due at the beginning of class on February 13, 2006.

Problem 1 (10 points) Negate the following statement: “All dogs have three legs, or there is a cat with two tails.”

Problem 2 (10 points) In each case, give an example, or explain why such an example cannot exist:

- Is there a predicate $A(x, y)$ such that the statement
  \[
  \forall x \exists y : A(x, y)
  \]
  is true, while the statement
  \[
  \exists y \forall x : A(x, y)
  \]
  is false?

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Problem 3 (10 points) A clothing store advertises: “For every customer we have a rack of clothes that fit.”

- Write the statement above using quantifier(s) and predicate(s).
- Negate the sentence using quantifier(s) and predicate(s).
- Write the negation in the form of an English sentence.

Problem 4 (10 points) You have seen how to generate compound statements using the four connectives $\neg$, $\lor$, $\land$ and $\Rightarrow$. This problem addresses the question whether all four connectives are necessary.

- Use a truth table to show that $A \Rightarrow B$ is equivalent to $\neg A \lor B$.
- Show that $A \land B$ can be written using only the connectives $\neg$ and $\lor$.

Thus the two connectives $\neg$ and $\lor$ suffice to generate all compound statements. It is possible to further reduce to only one connective, albeit a different one: Let us define the new connective NAND by setting

\[
A \text{ NAND } B \iff \neg (A \land B).
\]

- Show that all four connectives $\neg$, $\lor$, $\land$ and $\Rightarrow$ can be written using only the NAND-connective.